

### Infrastructure for Resilient Island States (IRIS)

Second Call for Proposals – Announcement of Project Awardees



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1: Socially Inclusive Strengthening of Climate Resilient Infrastructure and Action in Caribbean SIDS







Antigua and Barbuda, Dominican Republic, and Saint Lucia

2: Boosting the resilience of infrastructure assets and planned large-scale infrastructure investments in 4 Caribbean SIDS through risk-informed infrastructure asset management policies and practices









Bahamas, Belize, Jamaica, and St Vincent and the Grenadines

**3:** Improving schools' resilience to natural disasters and climate adaptation



Comoros

4: Strengthening health facilities for disaster resilience



Haiti

5: Enhancing availability, quality, and use of risk information for critical infrastructure to reduce disaster risk, increase resilience and strengthen early warning systems







Kiribati, Maldives and Timor-Leste

**6:** Ensuring a sustainable and climate-resilient water supply in the Northern part of Mauritius



Mauritius

7: Guidelines and tools to enhance the resilience of schools



Maldives

8: Disaster Resilient Utility Infrastructure



St. Kitts and Nevis

9: The Blue Economy and Climate Change: Risk Assessment and Adaptive Strategies for Improved Seaport Resilience to Climate Change



Seychelles

10: Strengthening power sector resilience in Caribbean Island states









Grenada, St. Lucia, St. Kitts and Nevis, and St Vincent and the Grenadines

11: Enhancing resilience of critical subsea telecommunications connections for Tonga, Palau and other South Pacific Small Island Developing States (SIDS)



Tonga

**12:** Strengthening the resilience of the Vanuatu energy sector against climate-induced disasters



Vanuatu



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Antigua & Barbuda 🧳





St. Lucia



Socially Inclusive Strengthening of Climate Resilient Infrastructure and Action in Caribbean SIDS: Antigua and Barbuda, Dominican Republic, and Saint Lucia



Strengthening resilience of education infrastructure to increase school and education continuity post-disaster







**Bahamas** 



**Belize** 

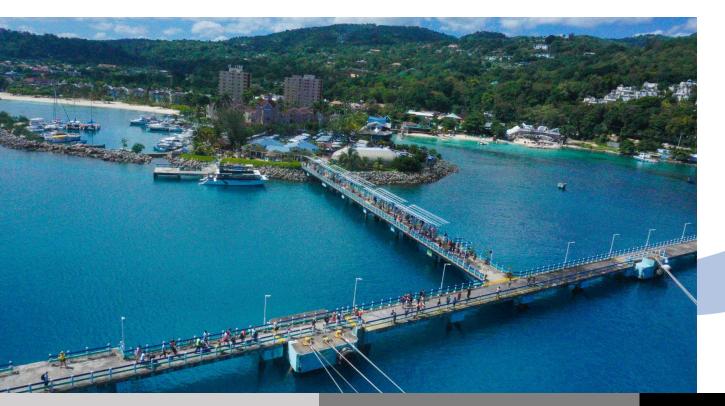


**Jamaica** 



St. Vincent and the Grenadines





**Boosting the Resilience of Infrastructure Assets and Planned Large-scale Infrastructure Investments in 4 Caribbean SIDS** through Risk-informed Infrastructure **Asset Management Policies and Practices** 

Aims to strengthen **infrastructure asset** management capacity of national and local government officials through a whole-ofgovernment approach







#### **Improving Schools' Resilience to Natural Disasters and Climate Adaptation in Comoros**



Seeks to enhance resilience of existing school building stock and integrate climate adaptation in the national school resilience strategy









# **Strengthening Haiti's Health Facilities for Disaster Resilience**



Supports strengthening resilience of health infrastructure through vulnerability assessments, resilience action plans and capacity strengthening of personnel





**Kiribati** 



**Maldives** 

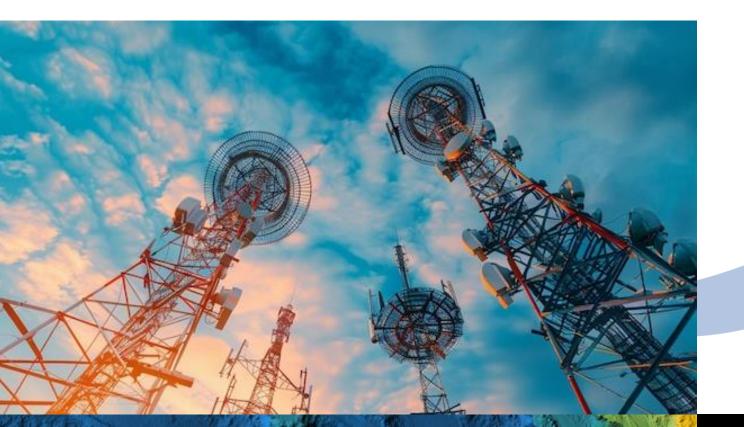


**Timor-Leste** 





Enhancing Availability, Quality, and Use of Risk Information for Critical Infrastructure to Reduce Disaster Risk, Increase Resilience and Strengthen Early Warning Systems in Kiribati, Maldives and Timor-Leste



Supports capacities to collect, manage and utilize disaster loss and damage data for critical infrastructure enabling risk-informed decision-making, planning and investments









**Ensuring a Sustainable and Climate- resilient Water Supply in the Northern Part of Mauritius** 



Will assess groundwater resources potential and develop a decision support tool for informed water allocation decisions to support resource diversification and business continuity







# **Guidelines and Tools to Enhance the Resilience of Schools in the Maldives**



Focuses on strengthening education infrastructure through enhanced guidelines for design and construction of new schools and development of a resilience schools toolkit



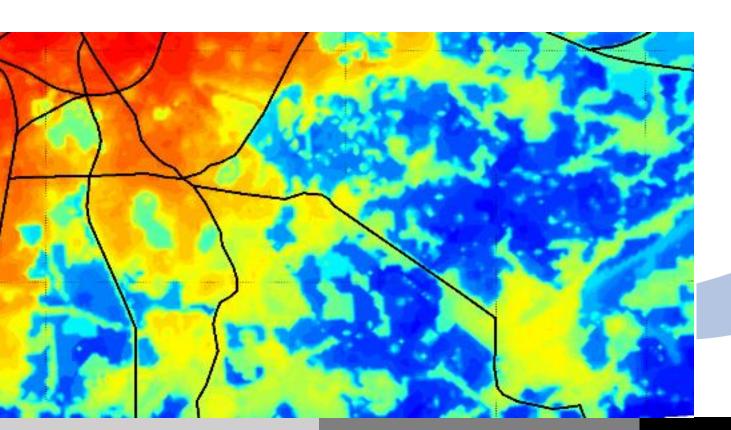


# CDRI (S) Card tion for Disaster Resilient Infrastructure CIRAF IRIS

# Disaster Resilient Utility Infrastructure – St. Kitts and Nevis



Empowering People to Act on Climate Change



Aims to strengthen resilience of critical infrastructure by **mapping and assessing vulnerabilities**, developing a **comprehensive vulnerability atlas**, and **enhancing coordination** 







The Blue Economy and Climate
Change: Risk Assessment and
Adaptive Strategies for Improved
Seaport Resilience to Climate Change
in Seychelles



Supports strengthening resilience of port infrastructure through risk assessment, development of climate adaptation strategy, disaster management plan and capacity strengthening



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St. Lucia



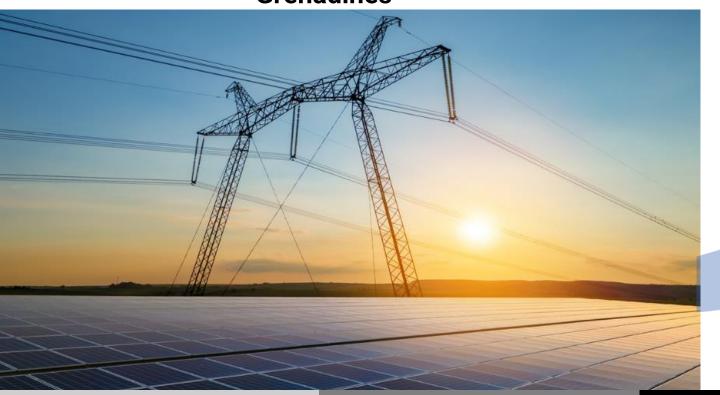
**Strengthening Power Sector Resilience in Caribbean Island States** 



**Saint Kitts** and **Nevis** 



St. Vincent and the Grenadines



Will develop and implement a pooled procurement business model and a virtual warehouse platform for improved post-disaster recovery of power infrastructure



1 1 Longa

National Oceanography Centre Enhancing Resilience of Critical Subsea Telecommunications Connections for Tonga, Palau and other South Pacific Small Island Developing States (SIDS)



Undertakes risk assessment and valuation of socioeconomic services provided by subsea cables, generating evidence base for resilient digital communications strategy development



12





Strengthening the Resilience of the Vanuatu Energy Sector against Climate-induced Disasters



Aims to enhance the **resilience of energy sector** by **implementing renewable energy solutions**, strengthening infrastructure, and **improving disaster preparedness and response** 

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We extend our gratitude to the Governments of India, Australia, and the United Kingdom, and to the European Union, for their financial support for IRIS through CDRI's Infrastructure Resilience Accelerator Fund.















